

## **Location Poland**

### **AQUANET**

Sewage treatment plant



Szlachęcin plant



New investment





City of Murowana Goślina



Coal heating plant

# Key figures Sewage heat recovery with gas cogeneration



1 12.2020 starting of production

3 400 tons

coal reduction

2 000 CO<sub>2</sub> reduction

100% heat consumption between may-september

**5 000 people** sewage heating

I 1 100 [kW]

heat consumption - summer

1 9 500 [kW]

tons

heat consumption - winter

I 2 950 [kW] total production

#### **WORK PARAMETERS**

min. sewage temp. 8 [C] sewage daily flow rate 50-350 [m3/h] nominal for installation 180 [m3/h]

#### Heating pump COP 2,71 - 3,5 (summer)

- 1. I step 2x 663 [kW] 36/42 [`C]
- 2. II step 6x 273 [kW] 55/65 [`C]

#### CHP (gas)

- 1002 [kWe] (605 [kW] heating pumps)
  - 1200 [MM+] 07 [°C



### Innovation What's new here

The combination of known solutions in an unobvious way gave a new quality

- The installation is zero-emission
- Maintenance-free installation
- Practical application of circular economy
- It is very likely that it will become a replicable project, duplicated in many locations
- Work is already underway on a similar solution, on a larger scale, in Poznań or Warsaw

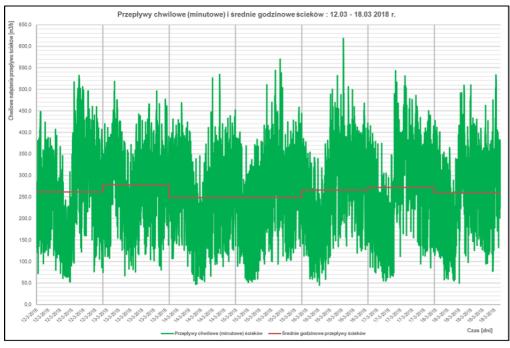
Combining gas cogeneration technology and a heat pump with a bottom source of treated sewage into one coherent and centrally controlled technological system.

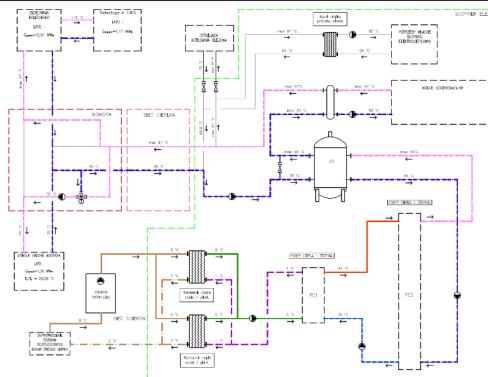


Design assumptions
Critical parameters

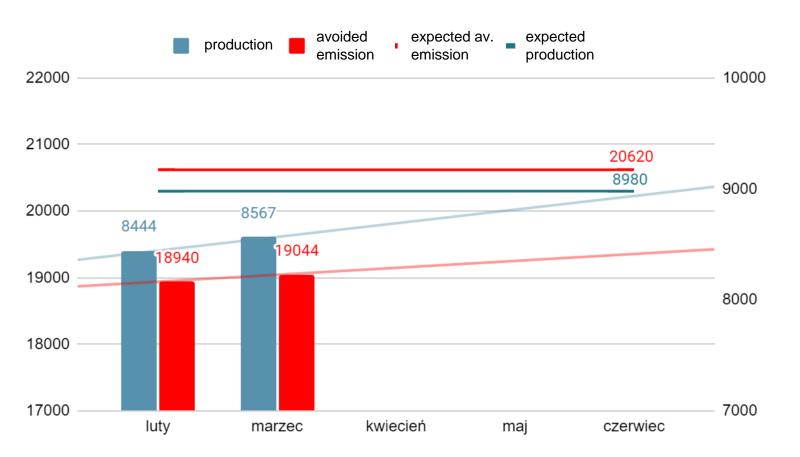
- flow of the sewage
- temperature of the sewage
- sewage quality
- heat consumption (in summer)







### Effect & KPI Learning by doing



TOTAL PRODUCTION 01.2021-03.2023

15 276 MWhel CHP COGEN engine
70 105 GJ CHP COGEN engine
30 213 GJ from Heating Pumps

production between 07.2022-03.2023 and forecast until July 2023



# New power facility **Summary**

The combination of cogeneration and a heat pump recovering heat from wastewater is a step towards the implementation of the idea of a green deal and climate neutrality.

The system allows to maximize heat production with the lowest possible consumption of natural gas.



It is not only a combination of technologies, but also a combination and cooperation of the water, sewage and heating industries.

In addition to the implemented ideas of decarbonization and waste heat recovery, the investment provides ecological benefits:

Annual reduction in CO2 emissions: 2,000 t

Annual reduction in coal consumption: 3,400 t



